National Churchill Museum Scavenger Hunt

Answer Key

Find the answers to the following questions by reading the exhibit panels. Questions are divided according to the museum exhibit, beginning with Churchill’s childhood and ending with the Cold War experience.

“Growing Pains”
1. When and where was Winston Churchill born?
   - November 30, 1874
   - Blenheim Palace
2. What was the “magic lantern”?
   - Victorian era version of a slide projector
3. Who were his parents?
   - Lord Randolph Churchill and Jenny Jerome
4. What was the name of Churchill’s nanny?
   - Mrs. Elizabeth Everest
5. Why did Churchill not do well in school?
   - Churchill’s “spirit was not suited to school regimen.”
6. What subject(s) did he like the most?
   - English and History
7. What educational institution did Churchill qualify to attend?
   - Royal Military College
8. How many times did Churchill take the entrance exam?
   - 3

“The Sword & the Pen”
9. What regiment did Churchill join to begin his career as a soldier?
   - British Cavalry/4th Hussars
10. How did Churchill supplement his Army income?
    - Churchill wrote news articles on military campaigns.
11. After fighting in the Boer War, Churchill decided to pursue a career in politics. How was he able to make a name for himself in politics?
    - He had escaped a POW camp in Pretoria. By the time he got to South Africa, he had become famous. This fame launched both his career in politics and public speaking.

“The Glow Worm”
12. To what political party was Churchill elected to Parliament in the 1900 election?
    - Churchill followed his father’s example by joining the Conservative Party.
13. In 1904, what political party did he join?
    - Churchill became disenchanted with the Conservative Party so he “walked across the floor” and joined the Liberal Party.
14. Whom did Winston Churchill marry?
    - Clementine Hozier
15. What incident was Churchill criticized for when he was Home Secretary in 1910?
    - Interfered in police besiege of fugitive assassins
“Admiralty, Army & Arsenal”
16. What removed Churchill from politics during WWI?
   The Dardanelles Campaign. The mission failed. Churchill was blamed and kicked out of political office. As a self-inflicted punishment, Churchill fought with his troops on the frontlines.

17. Write down three facts from the World War I display.
   a. up to discretion of student
   b. 
   c. 

18. What two inventions transformed warfare during World War I?
   a. airplanes
   b. tanks

“The Ins & Outs of Power”
19. Out of office and frustrated with his inability to influence the course of war, Churchill took up what hobby?
   Painting

“Gathering Storm”
20. When did Britain and France declare war on Nazi Germany?
   September 3, 1939

“Never Give In”
21. When did Churchill become Prime Minister of Britain?
   May 1940

22. What was the name of the electronic computer used to crack secret codes?
   Colossus

23. What does R.A.F. stand for?
   Royal Air Force

24. Who is John F. Lutz?
   Fulton, MO native, Member of RAF’s 71st Eagle Squadron, joined September 1941; Plane was shot down by enemy airfare and died May 4, 1943

“Sinews of Peace”
25. When did Churchill visit Fulton? Why?
   March 5, 1946; Invited by Westminster College President Frank McCluer and Harry Truman; Spoke out against the events that were occurring in the former Soviet Union

26. What was the name of Churchill’s famous speech that he gave in Fulton?
   Sinews of Peace or Iron Curtain

27. What hand sign became a powerful morale weapon and was used by Churchill?
   “V” or victory symbol

Churchill’s Personal Side (room with his paintings)
28. What was the name of Churchill’s dog?
   Rufus (Churchill had two poodles Rufus I and Rufus II)